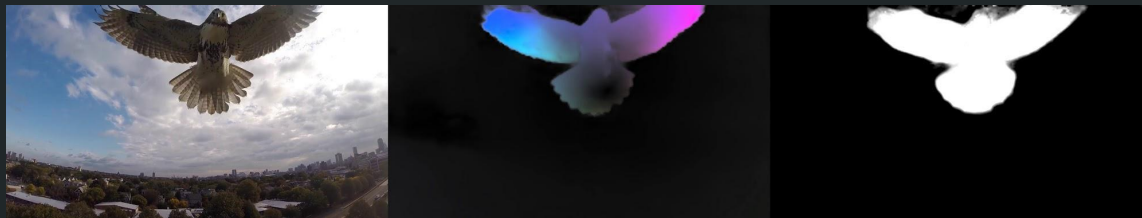


Upgrading Optical Flow to 3D Scene Flow through Optical Expansion

Gengshan Yang¹, Deva Ramanan^{1,2}

¹Robotics Institute, Carnegie Mellon University

²Argo AI



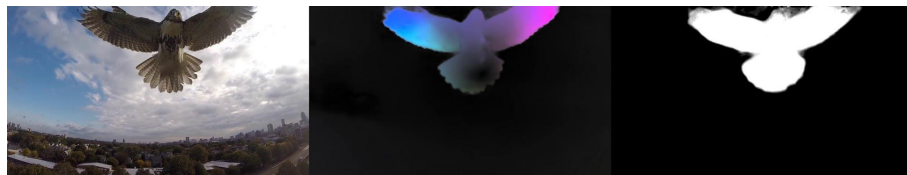
Input from a drone

Optical flow

Optical expansion

Monocular 3D Scene Motion Estimation

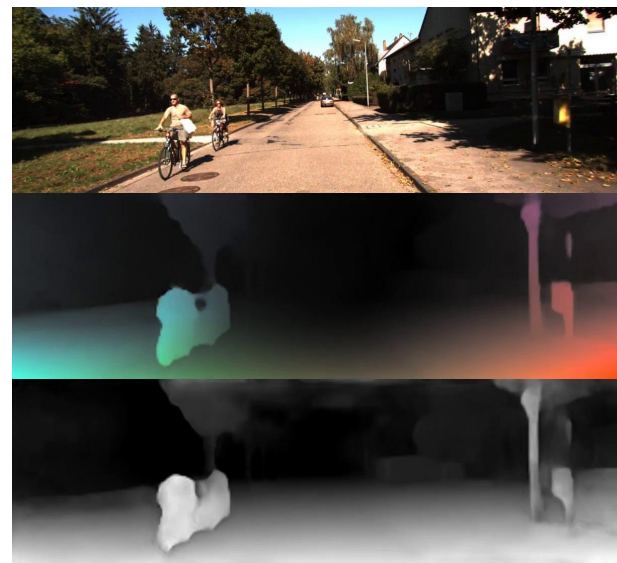
Problem: Estimate the 3D motion of dynamic scene elements using a monocular camera.



Input (drone)

Optical flow

Optical expansion



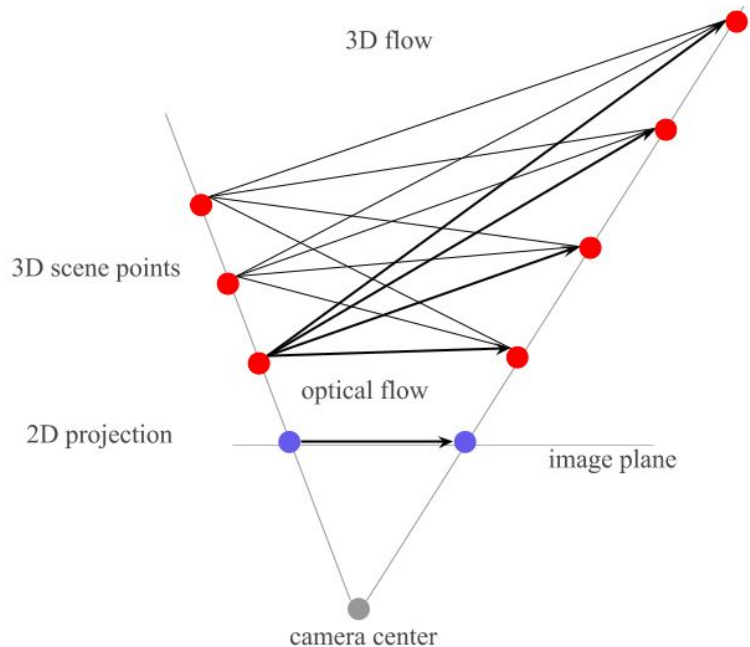
Input
(car)

Optical
flow

Optical
expansion

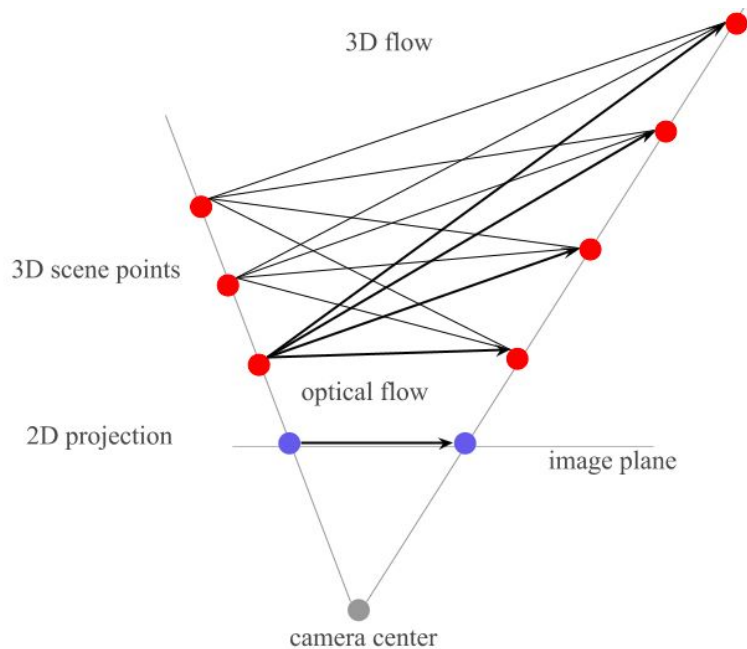
Monocular 3D Scene Motion Estimation

Challenge: Infinite pairs of 3D points correspond to the 2D flow observation.



Monocular 3D Scene Motion Estimation

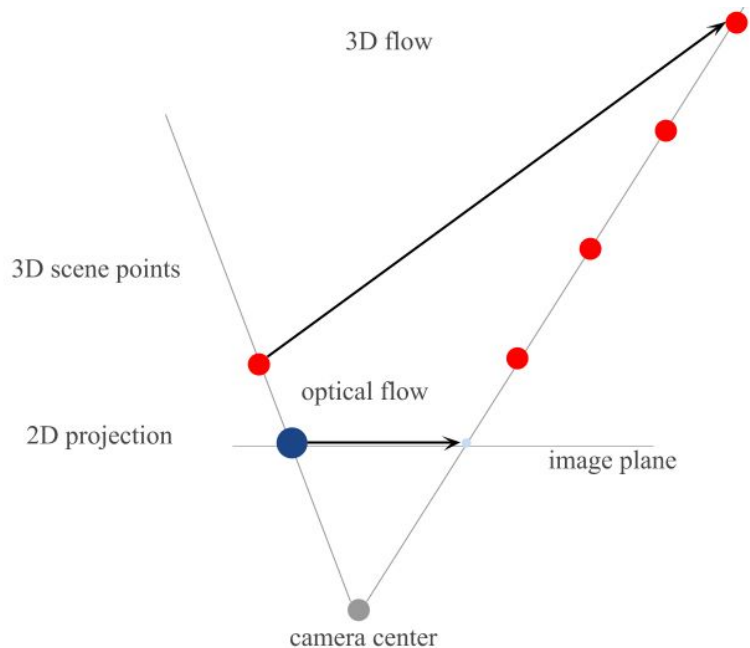
Challenge: Infinite pairs of 3D points correspond to the 2D flow observation.



Prior work

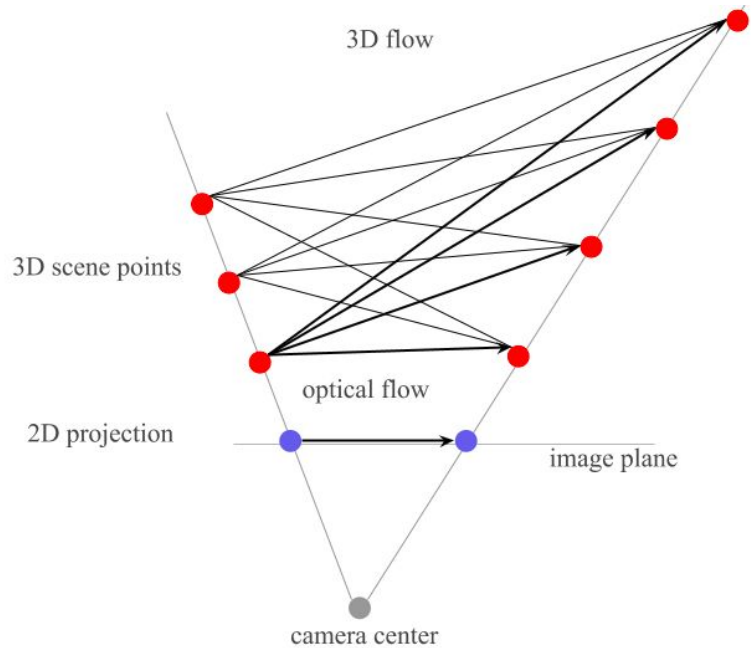
- Motion prior [Kumar *et al.*, ICCV 17, ...]
- Data-driven depth prior [Brickwedde *et al.*, ICCV 19, ...]

Optical Expansion and Motion-in-depth

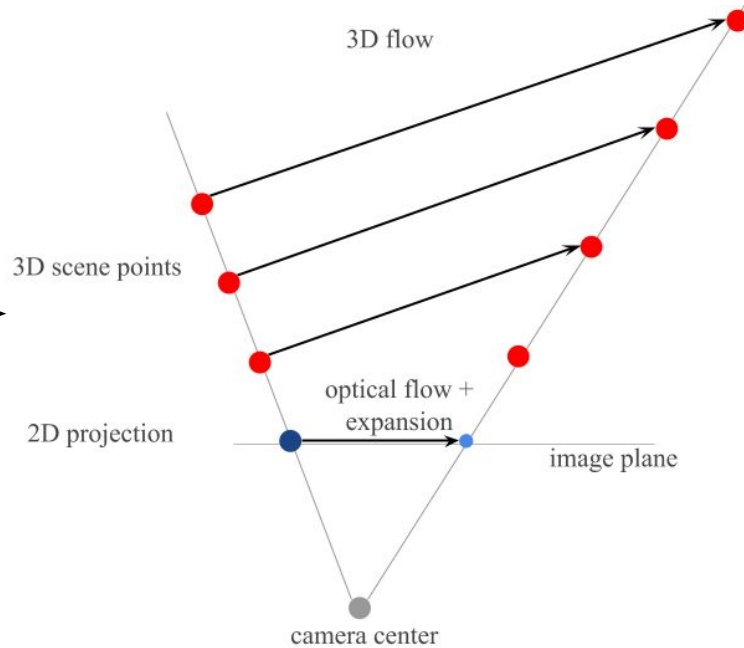


Change of perceptual size corresponds to change of physical depth.

Upgrading to 3D Scene Flow

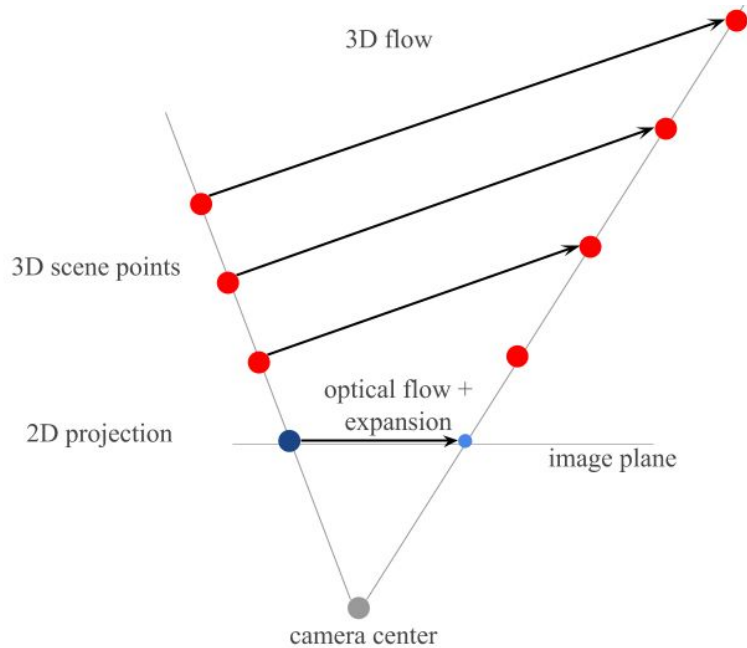


(a) with optical flow

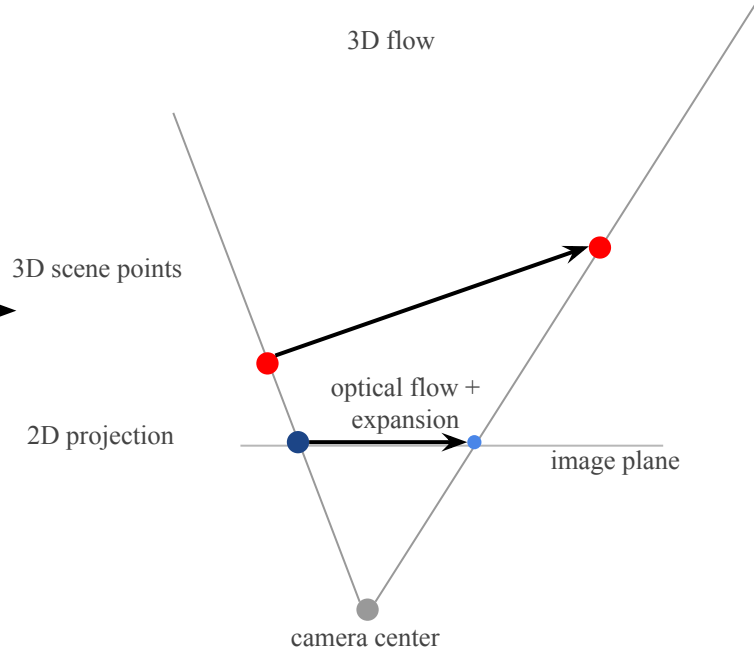


(b) optical flow + expansion

Upgrading to 3D Scene Flow



(b) optical flow + expansion



(c) optical flow + expansion + 1st or 2nd depth

Pipeline Overview

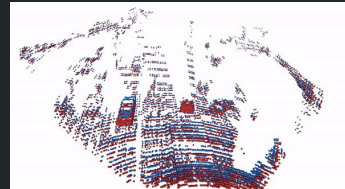


Input frame pair

Optical
Flow
Estimation

Optical
Expansion
Estimation

Motion-in-
depth
Correction



Output 3D scene flow

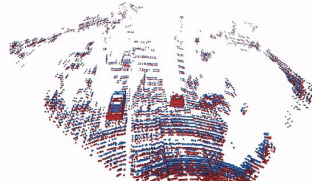


Input frame pair

Optical
Flow
Estimation

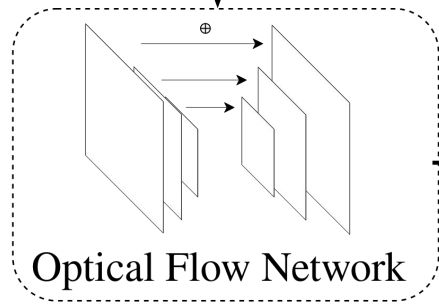
Optical
Expansion
Estimation


Motion-in-
depth
Correction



Output 3D scene flow

Upgrading Optical Flow to 3D Scene Flow through Optical Expansion
Gengshan Yang, Deva Ramanan. CVPR 2020.



Optical flow 



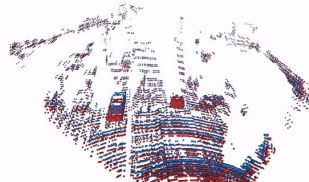


Input frame pair

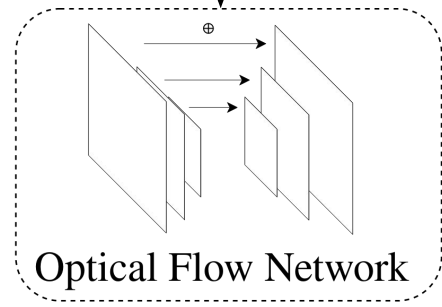
Optical
Flow
Estimation


Optical
Expansion
Estimation

Motion-in-
depth
Correction



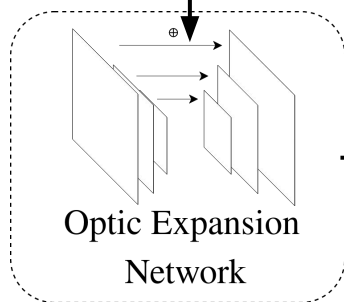
Output 3D scene flow



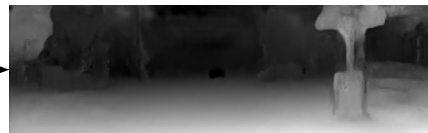
Optical flow 



Dense, local affine warps



Optical expansion



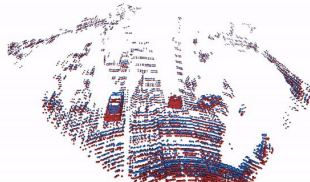


Input frame pair

Optical
Flow
Estimation

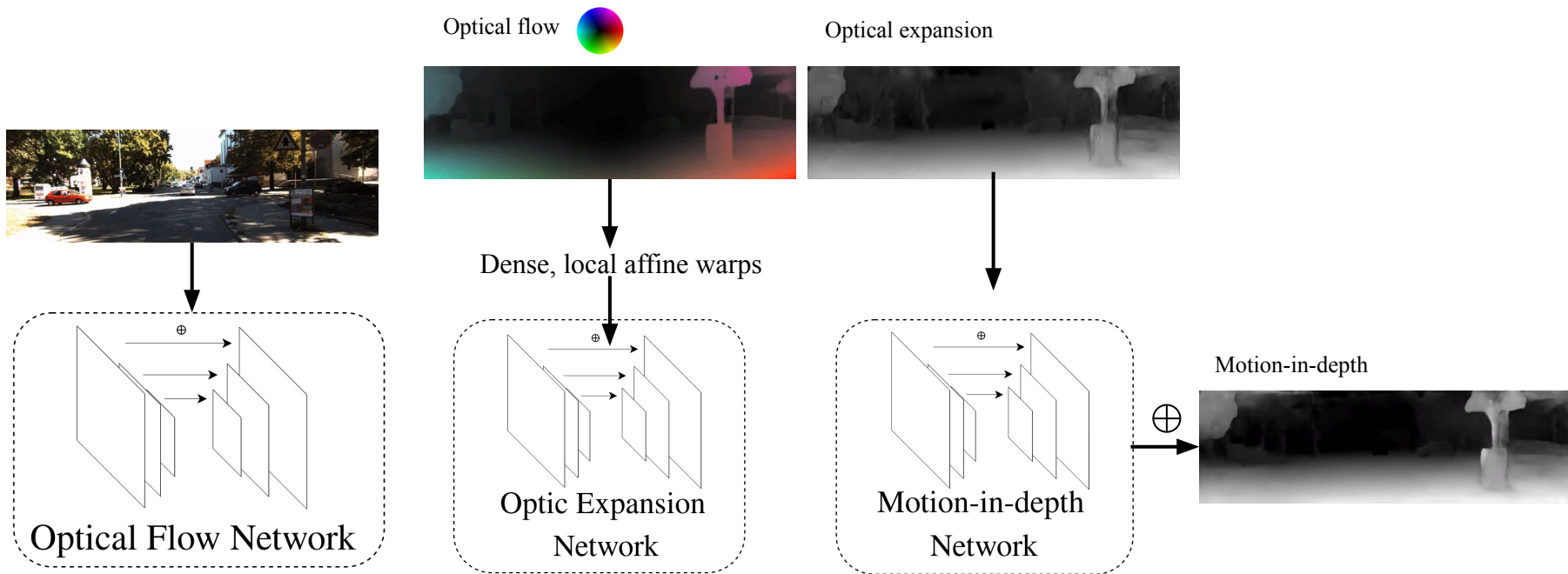
Optical
Expansion
Estimation

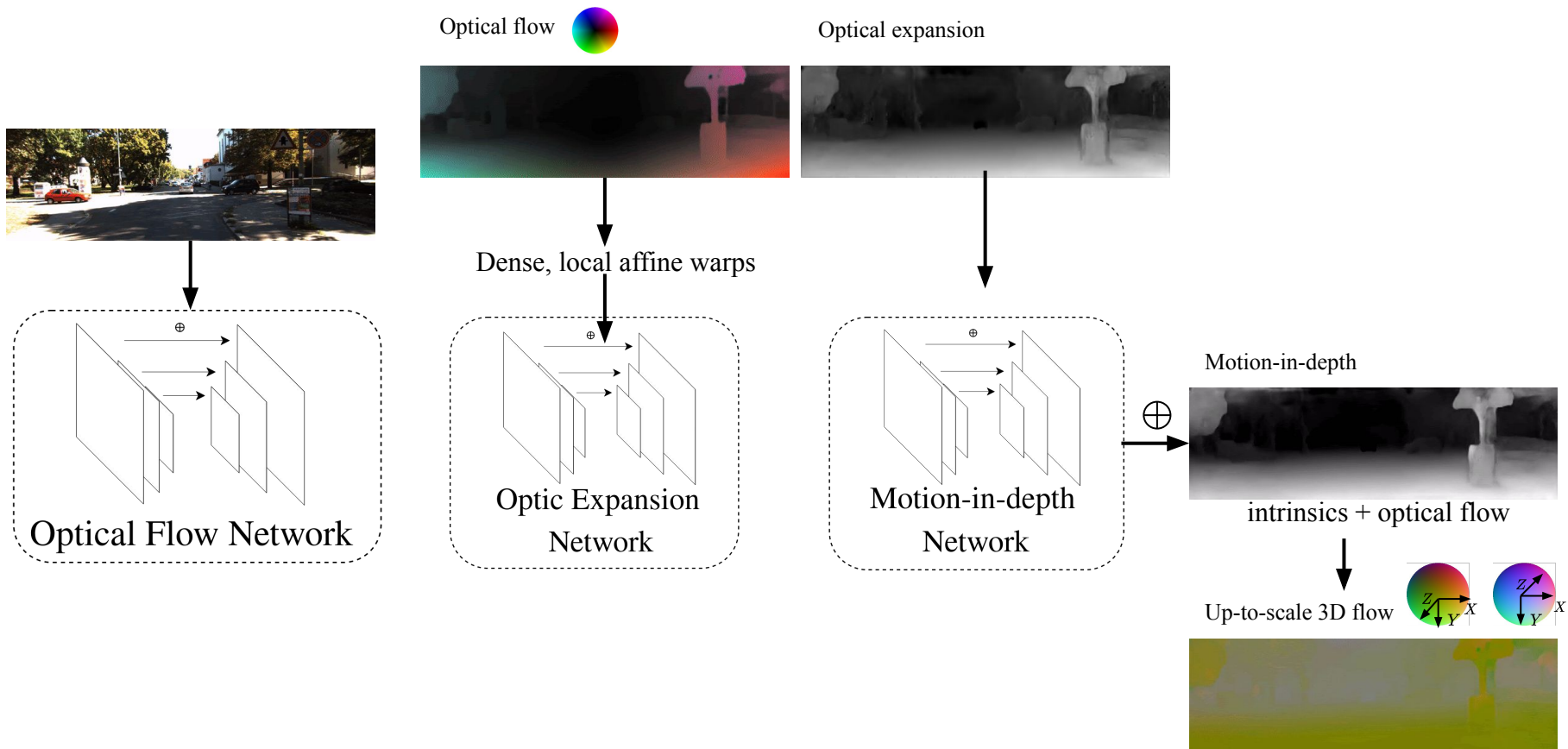
Motion-in-
depth
Correction

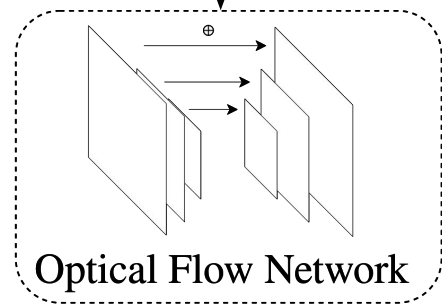



Output 3D scene flow

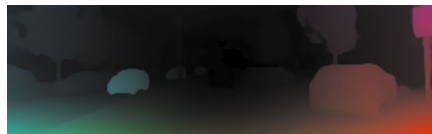
Upgrading Optical Flow to 3D Scene Flow through Optical Expansion
Gengshan Yang, Deva Ramanan. CVPR 2020.



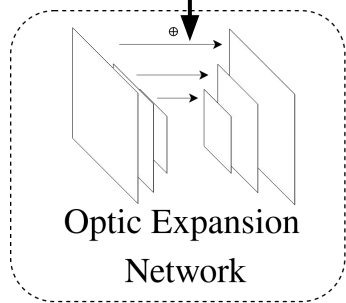




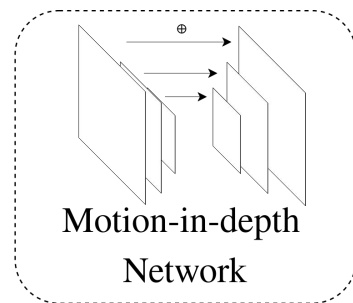
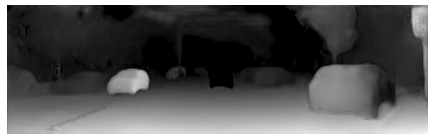
Optical flow 



Dense, local affine warps





Optical expansion



Motion-in-depth

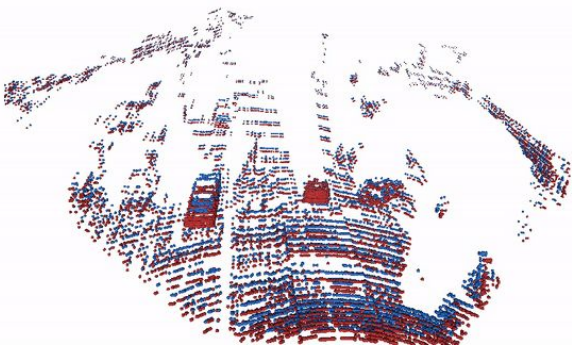


intrinsic + optical flow

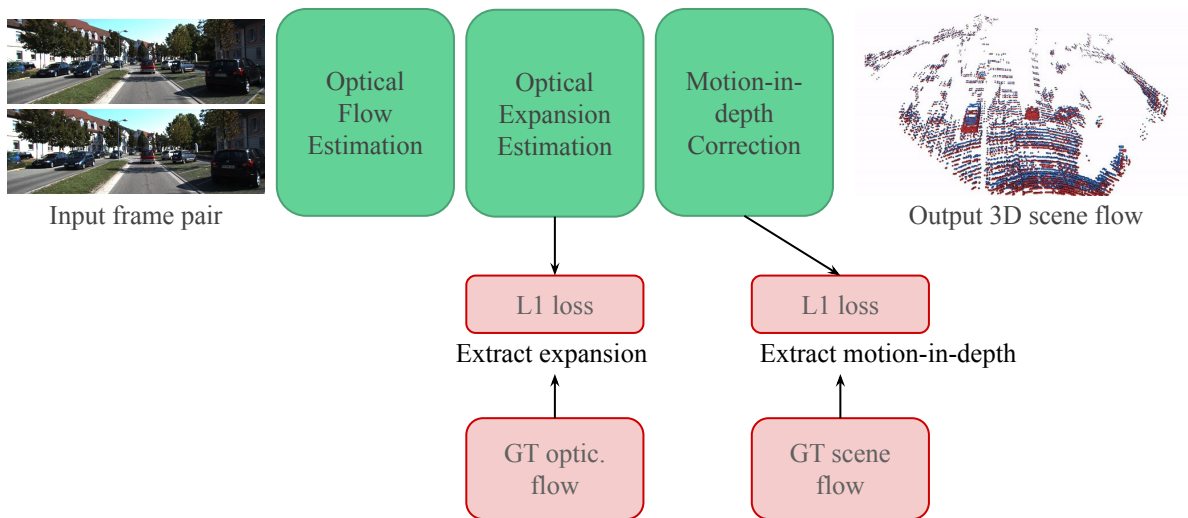
Up-to-scale 3D flow  



3D scene flow $\mathbf{t} = \mathbf{Z}\hat{\mathbf{t}}$

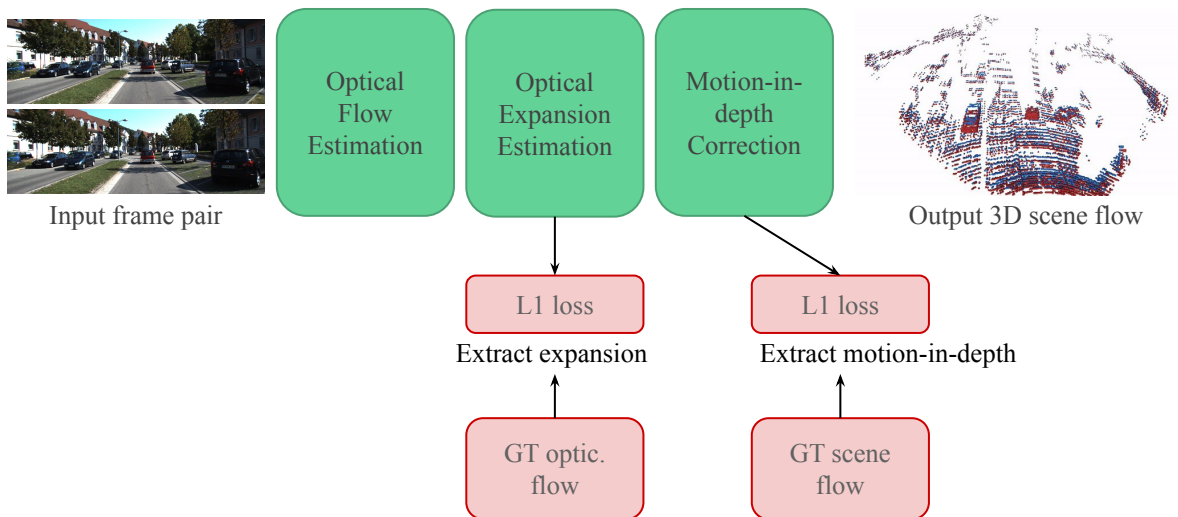


Learning for 3D Scene Flow Upgrade



Multi-task losses for optical expansion and motion-in-depth estimation.

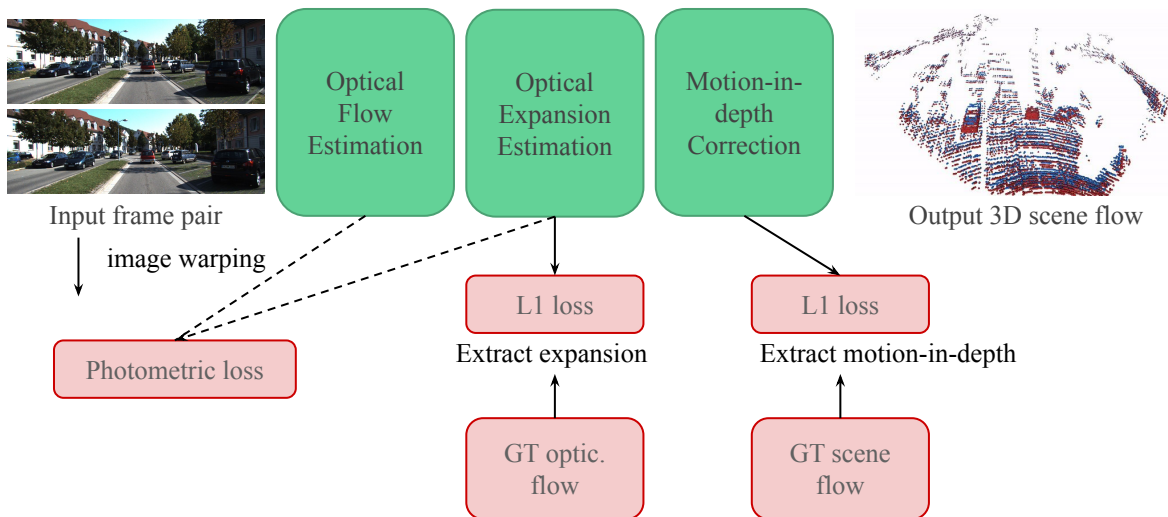
Learning for 3D Scene Flow Upgrade



Training procedure

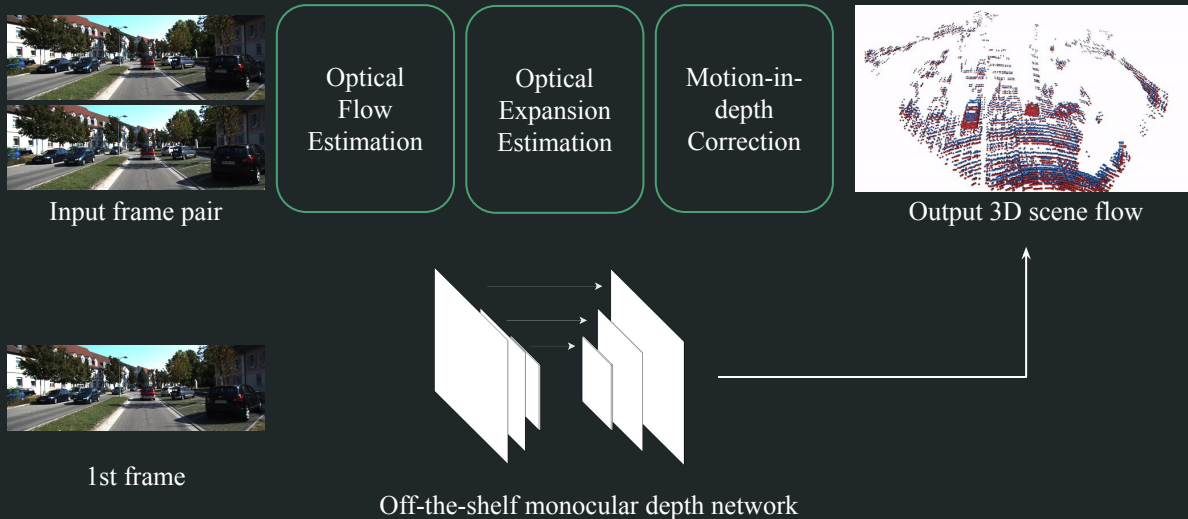
1. Pre-train with synthetic Scene Flow Datasets [CVPR 2016]
2. Fine-tune on target domain data, KITTI [JPRS 2018].

Learning for 3D Scene Flow Upgrade



Self-supervised training for optical expansion and optical flow estimation.

Application: Monocular Scene Flow



Application: Stereo Scene Flow

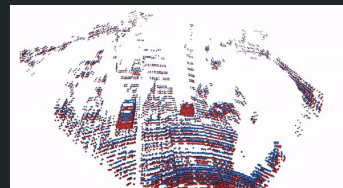


Input frame pair

Optical
Flow
Estimation

Optical
Expansion
Estimation

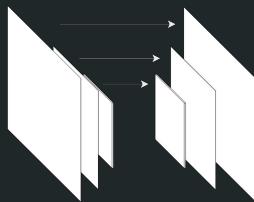
Motion-in-
depth
Correction



Output 3D scene flow



1st stereo pair



Off-the-shelf stereo matching network

Monocular / Stereo Scene Flow

Input

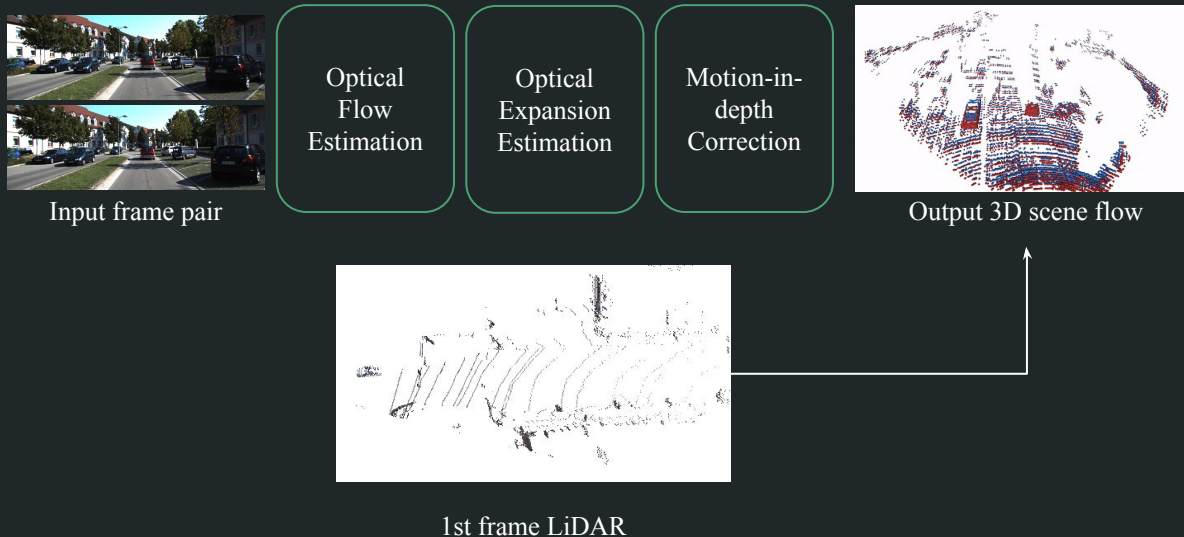


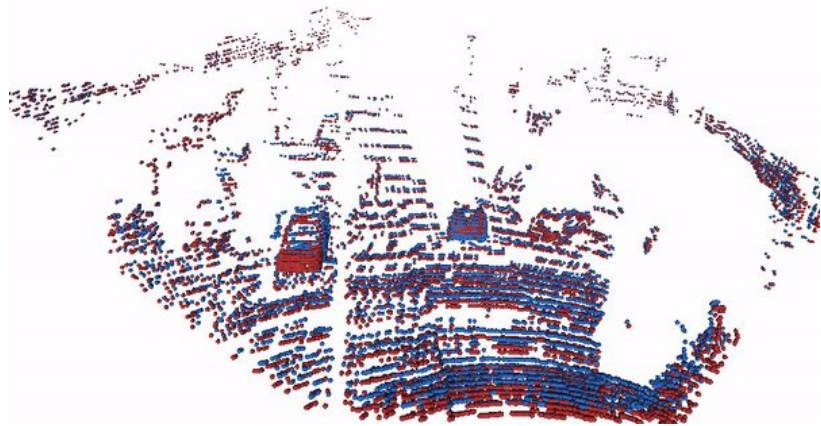
SOTA monocular and stereo scene flow performance on foreground objects of KITTI leaderboard.

[1] Schuster, René, et al. "Combining stereo disparity and optical flow for basic scene flow." Commercial Vehicle Technology 2018. Springer Vieweg, Wiesbaden, 2018. 90-101.

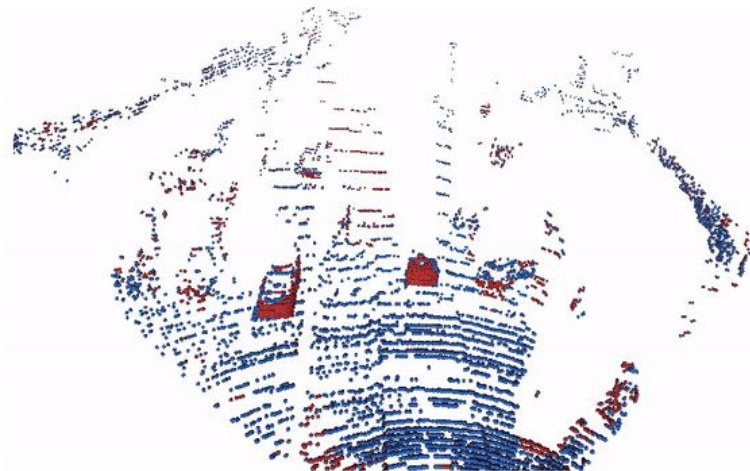
[2] Ilg, Eddy, et al. "Occlusions, motion and depth boundaries with a generic network for disparity, optical flow or scene flow estimation." ECCV. 2018.

Application: LiDAR Scene Flow





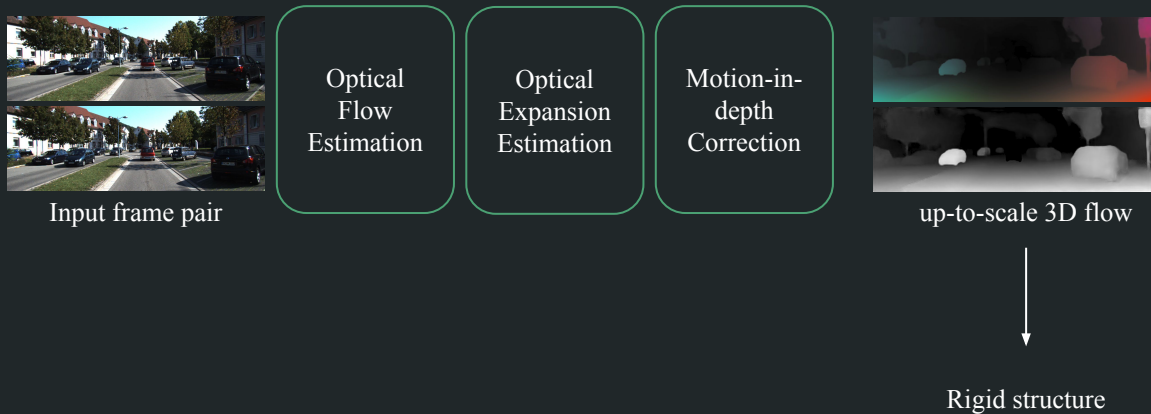
Result of HPLFlowNet



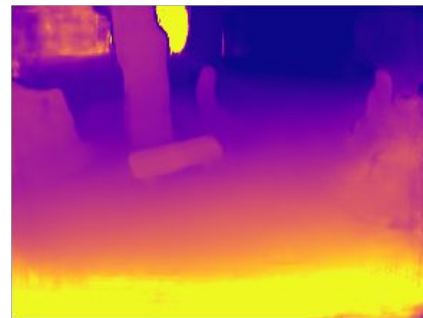
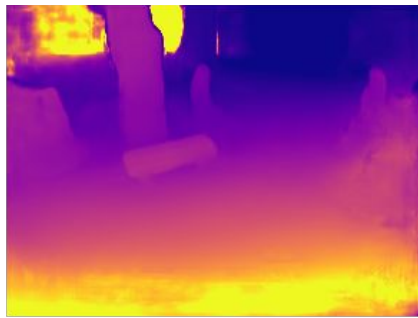
Our result

- High-accuracy than state-of-the-art lidar-only methods
- Can be computed before the next LiDAR sweep is captured

Application: Two-frame SFM

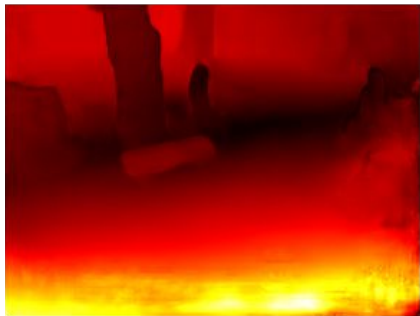


Inverse
depth



...

Residual
error



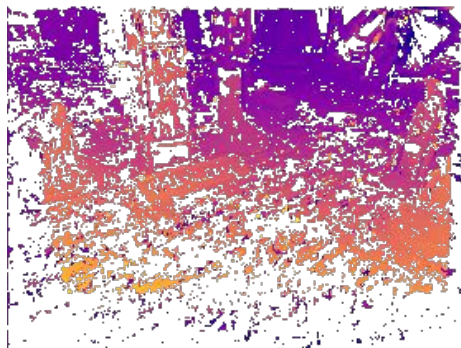
Iteration 0

Iteration 1

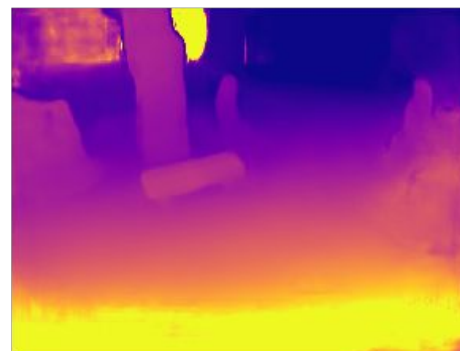
Iteration 5



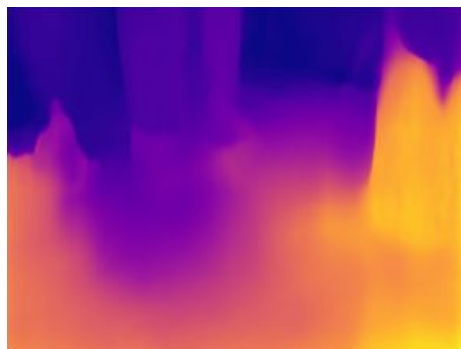
Overlaid two frames [1]



Result from COLMAP [2] (two view)



Ours



Result from MonoDepth2 [3]



Residual error

[1] Antonini, Amado, et al. "The blackbird dataset: A large-scale dataset for UAV perception in aggressive flight." arXiv preprint arXiv:1810.01987 (2018).

[2] Schonberger, Johannes L., and Jan-Michael Frahm. "Structure-from-motion revisited." CVPR. 2016.

[3] Godard, Clément, et al. "Digging into self-supervised monocular depth estimation." ICCV. 2019.

Thanks! More in our paper ...

- Formalism for upgrading 2D optical flow to 3D scene flow

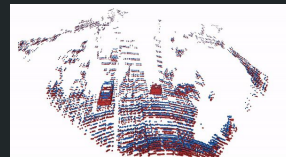


Input frame pair

Optical
Flow

Expansion

Motion-in-
depth



Output 3D scene flow

- Optical expansion is the crucial ingredient enabling the above



- If you are using optical-flow-for-X, consider using optical-expansion as well!

